UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA ALEXANDRIA DIVISION

Decapolis Systems, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

Allscripts Healthcare, LLC,

Defendants.

Case No. 1:22-cv-1120

Jury Trial Demanded

ORIGINAL COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Decapolis Systems, LLC ("Plaintiff") hereby files this First Amended Complaint for Patent Infringement against Allscripts Healthcare, LLC ("Allscripts" and "Defendants"), and alleges, upon information and belief, as follows:

THE PARTIES

- Decapolis Systems, LLC is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws
 of the State of Florida with its principal place of business at: Decapolis Systems, LLC, 600 S.
 Dixie Hwy, #605, West Palm Beach, Florida 33401.
- 2. Upon information and belief, Defendant Allscripts Healthcare, LLC is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of North Carolina with locations in this District at 4470 Cox Road, Glen Allen, Virginia 23060. On information and belief, Defendant may be served through its registered agent in the State of Virginia: National Registered Agents, Inc. at 4470 Cox Road, Suite 285, Glen Allen, Virginia 23060.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this case under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338.
- 4. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants. Defendants have continuous and systematic business contacts with the State of Virginia. Defendants transact business within this District and elsewhere in the State of Virginia and has appointed an agent for service of process in Virginia. Further, this Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants based on their commission of one or more acts of infringement of Decapolis' Patents in this District and elsewhere in the State of Virginia.
- 5. Defendants directly conduct business extensively throughout the State of Virginia, by distributing, making, using, offering for sale, selling, and advertising (including the provision of interactive web pages; the provision and support of physician networks; the provision and support of customer accounts; and further including maintaining physical facilities) its services in the State of Virginia and in this District. Defendants have purposefully and voluntarily made their business services, including the infringing systems and services, available to residents of this District and into the stream of commerce with the intention and expectation that they will be purchased and/or used by consumers in this District. On information and belief, Defendants are providers of: (i) health services, (ii) billing services; (iii) physician and hospital account services; and/or (iv) patient records in electronic format, throughout the United States.
- 6. On information and belief, and as shown below, Defendants maintain physical brick-and-mortar business locations in the State of Virginia and within this District, retain employees specifically in this District for the purpose of servicing customers in this District, and generate substantial revenues from their business activities in this District.

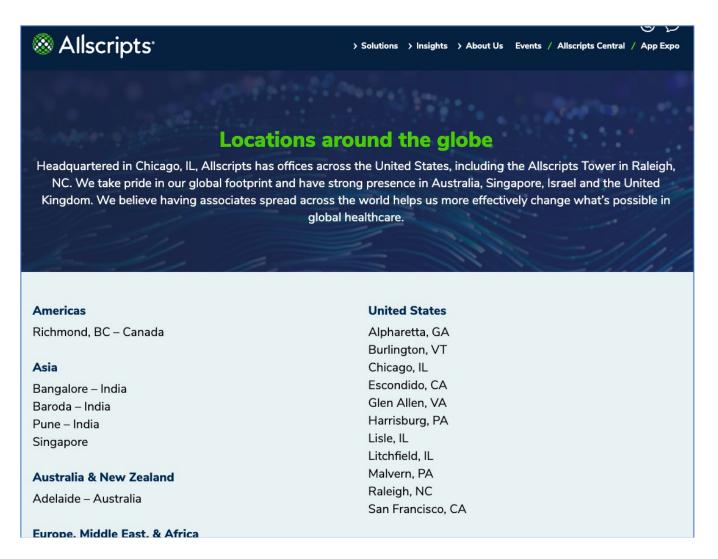


Figure for Venue – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for its location and found at https://www.allscripts.com/about-us/locations/.

7. Venue is proper in the Eastern District of Virginia as to Defendants pursuant to at least 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(c)(2) and 1400(b). As noted above, Defendants maintain regular and established business presences in this District.

PATENTS-IN-SUIT

8. Plaintiff is the sole and exclusive owner, by assignment, of U.S. Patents 7,464,040 and 7,490,048 (hereinafter collectively referred to as "the Decapolis Patents").

- 9. By written instruments duly filed with the United States Patent and Trademark Office,
 Decapolis is assigned all rights, title, and interest in the Decapolis Patents. *Id.* Such
 Assignments are recorded in the records of the United States Patent and Trademark Office at
 Reel 055516 and Frame 0027. As such, Plaintiff Decapolis Systems, LLC has sole and
 exclusive standing to assert the Decapolis Patents and to bring these causes of action.
- 10. The Decapolis Patents are valid, enforceable, and were duly issued in full compliance with Title 35 of the United States Code.
- 11. Raymond A. Joao is the sole named inventor for the Decapolis Patents.
- 12. Mr. Joao is a pioneering inventor. The Decapolis Patents represent substantial technological advancements in the medical billing services industry, which were unconventional at the time of invention. Indeed, the Decapolis Patents have been back-cited in patents issued to well-known industry leaders, including: IBM, Siemens AG, Walgreens, McKesson, and Sony.
- 13. Additional companies have benefited from, and been provided notice through, their back-citations to the Decapolis Patents, including: Atirix Medical Systems, Inc.; IBM Corp.; Bard Peripheral Vascular, Inc.; General Electric Company; C.R. Bard, Inc.; Healthunity Corp., Epic Systems Corp.; Accelere, Inc.; Align Technology, Inc.; Siemens Aktiengesellschaft; Vital Data Technology, LLC; Hospira, Inc.; Medical Present Value, Inc.; PSYWARE GmbH; ICU Medical, Inc.; Elwha LLC; Advanced Healthcare Systems, Inc.; Quality Standards, LLC; Therap Services, LLC; and Devicor Medical Products, Inc.
- 14. The Decapolis Patents each include numerous claims defining distinct inventions. No single claim is representative of any other.
- 15. The priority date of each of the Decapolis Patents is at least as early as December 18, 1999. As of the priority date, the inventions as claimed were novel, non-obvious, unconventional, and

- non-routine. Indeed, the Decapolis Patents overcame a number of specific technological problems in the industry and provided specific technological solutions.
- 16. By way of example, as of the date of invention, "Doctors or providers may base their diagnoses and/or treatments, [relying on] patients who usually supply this information on questionnaires or forms just prior to seeing the healthcare provider and/or during a preliminary interview with the provider." *See* U.S. Patent No. 7,464,040, Col. 1, Il. 52-6. As a result, the "information obtained from these questionnaires or forms, as well as from these preliminary interviews with the providers, may not necessarily result in sufficient, comprehensive, and/or accurate, information being obtained regarding the patient." *Id.*, Col.1, Il. 56-60. Further, as of the date of invention: "there is no guarantee that the same [patient medical history] information will be provided, in a uniform manner, to a next or different provider. As a result, patient information may not be uniformly distributed and/or be available to providers at the point of treatment and/or otherwise." *Id.* "Another problem which exists in the current healthcare system is that doctors or other providers do not always have the latest information and/or research material available to them prior to, and/or during, the diagnosis and/or treatment process." *Id.*, Col. 1, Il. 60-5.
- 17. Further, at the time of the invention, it had "been estimated that between 44,000 and 98,000 individuals die in the United States alone, as the result of errors or mistakes made by doctors, healthcare providers, and/or healthcare facility workers. There is no doubt that many of these deaths result from inaccurate and/or erroneous information and/or the lack of the availability of correct and/or up-to-date information." *Id.*, Col. 1, Il. 43-49.
- 18. The Decapolis Patents overcame these technological problems by a method or apparatus wherein a "medical doctor will transmit [a] final diagnosis and treatment plan...to [a] central

processing computer" and wherein "the central processing computer [sic] will then update the patient's records in the database [sic] so as to include all of the data and information described as being processed and/or generated by the central processing computer [sic], including, but not limited to the patient's symptoms, if any, the examination findings, the information contained in the diagnostic report and the treatment report, the final diagnosis and the prescribed treatment. Thereafter, operation [sic] will cease [sic]. The patient's records will then be updated and be available for the patient's next treatment and/or diagnosis." *Id.*, Cols. 28, ll. 66-7 and Col. 29, ll. 10-2.

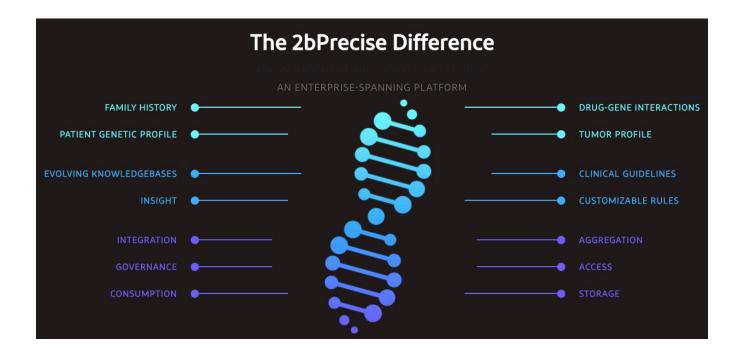
- 19. The claims of the Decapolis Patents are patent eligible under 35 U.S.C. § 101, 102, 103, and 112, as reflected by the fact that three different Patent Examiners all agreed and allowed the Decapolis Patents over extensive prior art as disclosed and of record during the prosecution of the Decapolis Patents. *See Stone Basket Innov. v. Cook Medical*, 892 F.3d 1175, 1179 (Fed. Cir. 2018) ("when prior art is listed on the face of a patent, the examiner is presumed to have considered it") (citing *Shire LLC v. Amneal Pharm., LLC*, 802 F.3d 1301, 1307 (Fed. Cir. 2015)); *Exmark Mfg. v. Briggs & Stratton*, 879 F.3d 1332, 1342 (Fed. Cir. 2018).
- 20. Moreover, any arguments relating to eligibility as may be made by Defendant here are necessarily merely cumulative with those already considered, and rejected, by the Patent Examiners in allowing the Decapolis Patents. *See, e.g., Technology Licensing Corp. v. Videotek, Inc.*, 545 F.3d 1316, 1337 (Fed. Cir. 2008); *Stone Basket*, 892 F.3d at 1179.
- 21. As further evidence of the unconventionality of the technological solutions captured in the claims of the Decapolis Patents as of 1999, the United States of America, Department of the Army even cites to the Decapolis Patents.
- 22. As noted, the claims of the Decapolis Patents have priority to at least December 18, 1999.

- 23. The claims of the Decapolis Patents are not drawn to laws of nature, natural phenomena, or abstract ideas. Although the systems and methods claimed in the Asserted Patents are ubiquitous now (and, as a result, are widely infringed), the specific combinations of elements, as recited in the claims, were not conventional or routine at the time of the invention.
- 24. Further, the claims of the Decapolis Patents contain inventive concepts. Even if a court ruled the underlying aspects to be abstract, the inventive concepts disclosed in sufficient detail would transform the claims into patent-eligible subject matter.
- 25. The claims of the Decapolis Patents were investigated by the Patent Examiners in fields exactly relevant to the patented inventions.
- 26. More specifically, the Patent Examiners performed for patent eligibility, including novelty, an analysis of the claims of the Decapolis Patents in at least the 600/300 (Diagnostic Testing), 705/2-4 (Health care management; Healthcare record management; and Patient record management), and 715/530 (Data Processing)
- 27. As further evidence of the inventive nature of the inventions claimed in the Decapolis Patents, the Decapolis Patents each had at least 135 citations before being issued as valid and enforceable patents.
- 28. After giving full proper credit to the prior art and having conducted a thorough search for all relevant art and having fully considered the most relevant art known at the time, the United States Patent Examiners allowed all of the claims of the Decapolis Patents to issue. In so doing, it is presumed that Examiners used their knowledge of the art when examining the claims. *See K/S Himpp v. Hear-Wear Techs., LLC,* 751 F.3d 1362, 1369 (Fed. Cir. 2014). It is further presumed that Patent Examiners had experience in the field of the invention, and that

- the Patent Examiners properly acted in accordance with a person of ordinary skill. *In re Sang Su Lee*, 277 F.3d 1338, 1345 (Fed. Cir. 2002).
- 29. The claims of the Decapolis Patents are novel and non-obvious, including over all non-cited art that is merely cumulative with the referenced and cited prior art. See 37 C.F.R. § 1.56(b) (information is material to patentability when it is not cumulative to information already of record in the application); see also AbbVie Deutschland GmbH v. Janssen Biotech, 759 F.3d 1285, 1304 (Fed. Cir. 2014); In re DBC, 545 F.3d 1373, 1382 (Fed. Cir. 2008). Likewise, the claims of the Decapolis Patents are novel and non-obvious, including over all non-cited contemporaneous state of the art systems and methods, all of which would have been known to a person of ordinary skill in the art, and which were therefore presumptively also known and considered by the Examiners. See, e.g., St. Clair I.P. Consultants v. Canon, Inc., 2011 WL 66166 at *6 (Fed. Cir. 2011); In re Sang Su Lee, 277 F.3d 1338, 1345 (Fed. Cir. 2002); In re Koninklijke Philips Patent Litigation, 2020 WL 7392868 at *19 (N.D. Cal. 2020); Standard Oil v. American Cyanamid, 774 F.2d 448, 454 (Fed. Cir. 1985) (persons of ordinary skill are presumed to be aware of all pertinent prior art).
- 30. The claims of the Decapolis Patents were all properly issued, and are valid and enforceable for the respective terms of their statutory life through expiration, and are enforceable for purposes of seeking damages for past infringement even post-expiration. *See, e.g., Genetics Institute, LLC v. Novartis Vaccines and Diagnostics, Inc.*, 655 F.3d 1291, 1299 (Fed. Cir. 2011) ("[A]n expired patent is not viewed as having 'never existed.' Much to the contrary, a patent does have value beyond its expiration date. For example, an expired patent may form the basis of an action for past damages subject to the six-year limitation under 35 U.S.C. § 286.") (internal citations omitted).

THE ACCUSED INSTRUMENTALITIES

- 31. Upon information and belief, Defendant makes, sells, advertises, offers for sale, uses, or otherwise provides a plurality of systems, platforms and services, including but not limited to:
 - i. 2Bprecise: On information and belief, the 2bPreciseTM platform and solution "consumes genetic/genomic data from molecular labs and clinical information from clients' preferred EHR, combining them into a comprehensive patient record. As it synthesizes this information, 2bPrecise additionally provides data from multiple evidence-based knowledge bases and brings resulting precision medicine insights into a physician's workflow. Because 2bPrecise renders genomic insights easy to view, understand and act upon, providers can arrive at accurate diagnoses sooner and deliver better outcomes faster."



Figures 1 – Screenshot of Defendant's 2BPrecise Platform webpage as visited on May 6, 2021 and located at https://2bprecisehealth.com/.

ii. Allscripts Practice Management: On information and belief, the Allscript's Practice Management solution and platform allows doctors to improve scheduling efficiency, monitor patients' accounts, elevate productivity and security, and measure practice performance with its software and system.

Practice Management in Action

Practice Management enables your team to access patient eligibility details within the workflow in a comprehensive and consumable format. Responses returned in the application identify eligibility responses received from the payer.

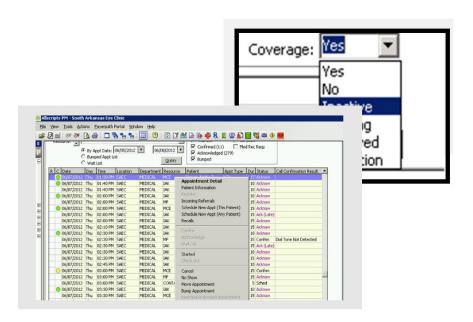


Figure 3 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for its Practice Management solution and platform as visited on May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.allscripts.com/solution/apm/

iii. Care Diector: On information and belief, Allscript's Care Director solution and platform provides "health software that provides a shareable care plan that extends across all healthcare settings—without forcing users to leave their workflow. You need to be able to reach out to patients with automated tools" with its system and software.

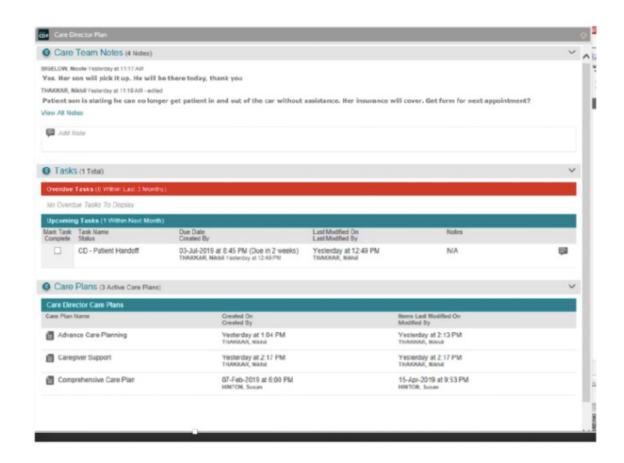
Care Director in action

Drive action at the point of care With Care Director, care plan actions become tasks in the electronic health record (EHR) or Allscripts® Care Director Plan. With those actions displayed as tasks, providers can get through their workflow more efficiently, while providing safer patient care. Identify problems with evidence-based guidelines Care Director uses evidence-based assessments to arrive at patient-specific problem identification, as well as access a library of problem sets, to supplement the care plan whenever the patient's condition changes. Communicate within the workflow Providers can use Care Director Plan to connect more effectively with other care settings, including communicating directly within a care navigator's native workflow. Automate patient interactions

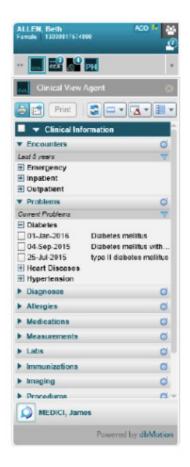
Figure 4 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the Care Director solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.allscripts.com/solution/care-director/.

iv. dbMotion: On information and belief, Allscript's dbMotion solution and platform with its system and software "help[s] organizations succeed in delivery system reform, and the shift to value-based care. With dbMotion, the organization can integrate discrete patient data from diverse care settings, regardless of IT supplier, into a single patient record. dbMotion provides a longitudinal patient record with semantically normalized data, point-of-care tools and an analytics gateway. This reduces the cost of care delivery, enables physicians to provide more informed patient care and drives clinical outcomes."

dbMotion enables you to engage the care team, and improve access to realtime, harmonized information from across the care continuum. Your clinicians can access the patient's community care plan on all EHRs at the point of care. With dbMotion Solution, your care team can review notes, tasks and care plans, alerting them to potential gaps in care:



With dbMotion, your organization can leverage unified data at the point of care, including a consolidated and actionable patient record:



Figures 5 and 6– Screenshots of Defendant's webpage for dbMotion as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.allscripts.com/solution/dbmotion/.

v. CarePort: On information and belief, the Allscripts' CarePort solution and platform let's doctors provide "patients' care transitions from admission to post-discharge with informed referrals, care coordination and network analytics" amongst other providers using its systems and software.





Leverage a national network of providers to expedite and streamline patient transitions and authorizations to the appropriate next level of care

OVERVIEW: DISCHARGE PLANNING

Transition patients to the next level of care with increased efficiency on an EHR-agnostic platform.

- · Gather clinical content for creating and sharing referral packets and criteria for utilization management
- Comply with discharge planning regulatory requirements by providing and documenting choice and sharing quality information
 to patients in selecting the next level of care
- · Arrange multiple levels of care simultaneously
- Communicate between providers and share clinical information directly within the application
- · Expedite and manage the payer authorization process prior to transitioning the patient
- Leverage standard protocols and formats to receive and exchange information such as HL7, FHIR, web services and SFTP

Figures 7 and 8 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the CarePort discharge planning solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://careporthealth.com/what-we-do/discharge-planning/.

vi. SunRise and SunRise Community Care: On information and belief, the SunRise and SunRise Community Care solutions and platforms allows doctors to have "a fully

supported solution that works with a single platform across clinical, financial and ambulatory care settings" using its systems and software.

With Sunrise, your organization can:

Prepare for the future of care delivery

Sunrise is on a journey to a different kind of Electronic Health Record: an EHR that leverages cloud-based technology to move to a patient centric solution built on a philosophy of human-centered design.

The Sunrise EHR journey to a platform of health follows a strategic vision that brings you to ONE partner for healthcare IT, ONE platform to support your organization and the ONE key purpose that you and Allscripts have together – driving better healthcare delivery.

Make more informed decisions with a single database

The Sunrise electronic health record (EHR) provides a single-platform acute and ambulatory solution for an integrated continuum of care, so clinicians have the most current information at the point of care delivery.

Improve clinician experience with user-centered design

The Sunrise user interface provides clinicians with easy-to-use workflows that with one-click deliver access to recently viewed charts and advanced patient lists, single sign-on, icons and toolbars.

Streamline billing processes with integrated financials

Sunrise[™] Revenue Cycle integrates scheduling, registration and financial management functions that reside with Sunrise clinical solutions on a single database, while delivering a single patient bill and financial record.

Automate processes with electronic documentation

Sunrise solutions help organizations automate their tissue and implant processes with electronic documentation, providing clinicians with immediate access to implant records. This results in accurate documentation, increased staff efficiency, successful Joint Commission audits and improved inventory management.

Automate clinical documentation

Sunrise helps organizations automate the clinical documentation workflow by providing clinicians tools to add important clinical findings such as orders, results and multidisciplinary progress notes directly into their note—increasing workflow efficiency.

Benefit from an industry leader

Succeed with limited IT resources to support the EHR Allscripts offers Sunrise Community Care, a complete, managed and cloud-deployed EHR with a pre-built, turnkey-supported solution. Sunrise Community Care provides ongoing system configuration and maintenance, the designing and building of interfaces, and testing and training to ensure that organizations are always current. Reduce clinician burden Sunrise Community Care reduces clinician burnout with intuitive workflows and robust content, as well as a single patient record across acute and ambulatory settings. Improve patient satisfaction With Allscripts as your trusted partner, your organization can empower patients with the industry's only vendor-agnostic patient engagement platform, FollowMyHealth®, included with Sunrise Community Care. Streamline workflows and improve content Sunrise Community Care provides streamlined workflows and robust content in a single solution, all while providing access to all necessary health data—enabling providers to complete tasks more efficiently. Limit long implementations and downtimes Allscripts delivers a consistent, non-complex enterprise solution with a reduced implementation process timeline, decreasing downtime. Plus, Sunrise Community Care doesn't require providers to learn multiple systems. Reduce costs of health IT solutions With Sunrise Community Care, your organization gets an affordable, comprehensive solution for the healthcare enterprise that meets regulatory compliance.

Figures 9 and 10– Screenshots of Defendant's webpage for the SunRise and SunRise Community Care solutions and platforms as visited on May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.allscripts.com/solution/sunrise/ and https://www.allscripts.com/solution/sunrise-community/.

vii. FollowMyHealth: On information and belief, the FollowMyHealth solution and platform "is a mobile-first, enterprise patient engagement solution for providers, hospitals and health systems that would like to promote healthy patient populations and manage quality" and allows "patients [to] participate actively in their care on the devices that they use every day including enrollment and eligibility, portals, care management, customer service

management, utilization management, and claim adjudication and billing" through its systems and software.





- viii. Figures 11 and 12– Screenshots of Defendant's webpage for the FollowMyCare solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://about.followmyhealth.com/patient-engagement-platform/.
- ix. Opargo: On information and belief, the Opargo solution and platform allows a doctor to "Help address verification functionality within areas of your Practice Management solution, including registration, insurance carrier maintenance, place of service maintenance and address maintenance" with its systems and software.



Opargo

Help your practice deliver better patient care, while improving efficiencies, with our scheduling solution based on predictive analytics. Using proven principles from the airline industry, Opargo identifies and schedules patients with urgent needs 3.5x sooner, while delivering 10% annual revenue improvement to your practice.

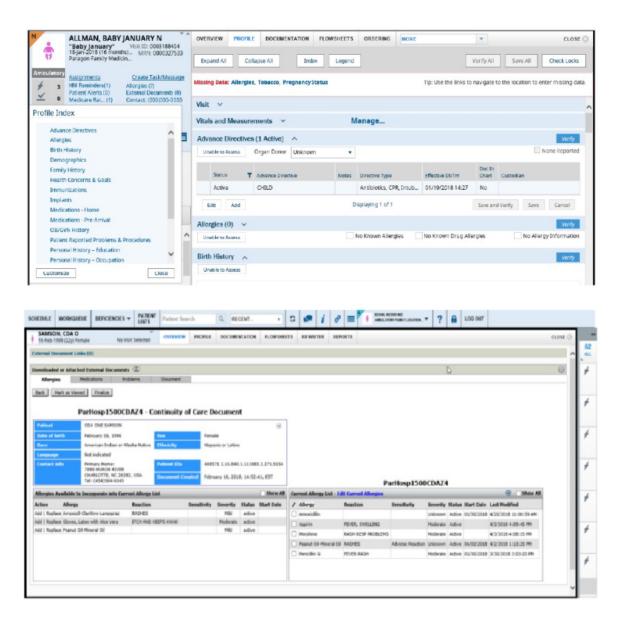
Figure 13 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the Opargo solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and https://www.allscripts.com/financial-management-and-operational/allscripts-practice-financial-platform/#melissa-data.

x. Melissa Date: On information and belief, the Melissa Data solution and platform allows a doctor to, among other things, "[h]elp address verification functionality within areas of [the] Practice Management solution, including registration, insurance carrier maintenance, place of service maintenance and address maintenance" with its systems and software.



Figure 14 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the Melissa Data solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.melissa.com/.

xi. Paragon: On information and belief, the Paragon solution and platform provides one profile application across all care settings, with visual indicators for incomplete modules, user-customizable sort order and display of modules, and barcode scanning of implants for procedures performed outside the operating room" with its systems and software.



Figures 15 and 16 – Screenshots of Defendant's webpage for the Paragon solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.allscripts.com/solution/paragon/.

xii. Payerpath: On information and belief, the Payerpath solution and platform allows "[s]treamlining your practice's reimbursement cycle is a challenge. You're working to track results and maintain healthy financials, all while meeting ever-changing regulatory demands. It's time for a partner with deep expertise and the industry-leading healthcare reimbursement software and medical billing solutions to help you enhance revenues,

simplify communication with payers and patients, improve efficiency and drive practice profitability. It's time for Allscripts Payerpath®. The Payerpath solutions, combined with Allscripts® Practice Management and FollowMyHealth®, help you meet and exceed your revenue cycle goals" with its systems and software.

Allscripts Payerpath® Solutions

Today's evolving healthcare landscape requires organizations like yours to have an analytical eye on your revenue cycle.

Lowering costs and streamlining workflows are critical steps to maximizing your organization's potential.

Allscripts Payerpath® delivers a robust portfolio of revenue cycle management solutions and services that work with any practice management system, along with advanced integration with Allscripts® Practice Management.

The web-based, easy-to-use solutions and services help meet the changing regulations and requirements essential to reimbursement. Providers and payers can use Payerpath to improve - and simplify - every phase in the revenue cycle.

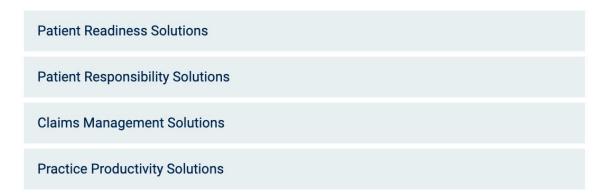


Figure 17 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the Payerpath solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.payerpath.com/.

xiii. Practice Analytics: On information and belief, the Practice Analytics solution and platform allows intuitive chronic disease dashboards, user-defined recommendations and alerts, ad hoc reporting and visibility into provider performance, productivity and opportunities" with its systems and software.

With Practice Analytics, your physician practice can:



Figure 18 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the Practice Analytics solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.allscripts.com/solution/practice-analytics/.

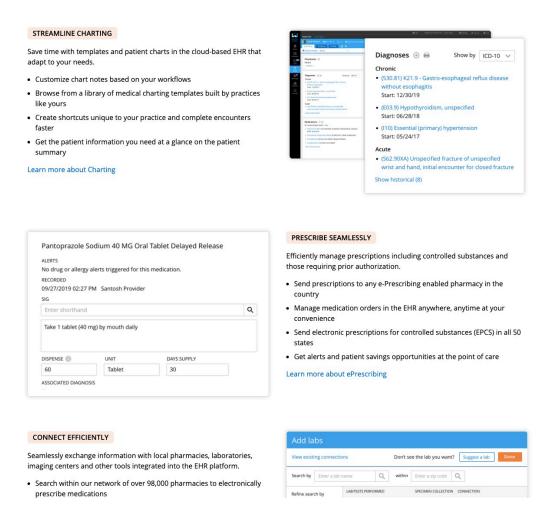
xiv. TouchWorks EHR: On information and belief, the TouchWorks HER solution and platform provides an electronic health records platform with "clinical, operational, financial and wellness solutions for medium to large, single or multi-specialty physician practices, MSOs and IDNs, as well as for safer care and success in population health initiatives" with its systems and software.

With TouchWorks EHR, your organization can:

Improve care team workflow efficiency TouchWorks EHR reduces clicks for clinicians, gives them freedom in their documentation and provides structured content and recommendations at the point of care for more informed clinician decision-making. Focus on usability TouchWorks EHR was designed using standards-based web conventions and a user-centered design process, focusing on streamlining workflows and enhancing the user experience – resulting in a responsive web-based user interface (UI) so clinicians can work more easily within the system. Successfully meet regulatory change TouchWorks EHR reporting and analytics capabilities help organizations meet quality measures and promote interoperability, and maximize reimbursement in risk-based contracts. Improve clinical outcomes With TouchWorks EHR, you can enable faster clinical decision support, standardize care practices, improve workflow compliance and drive better chronic care management. Achieve anywhere, anytime productivity With Allscripts TouchWorks® EHR Mobile, providers can remotely prescribe and refill prescriptions, manage tasks and review patient information in advance—all from their mobile devices. Leverage the power of an open architecture The award-winning open-platform, TouchWorks EHR, is built on architecture that easily integrates with your existing applications. It also enables users to tap into new third-party innovations and develop industrychanging solutions. TouchWorks EHR clients can work with the Allscripts Developer Program, which has more than 150 applications certified and marketed on the store, allscripts, com. Touch Works EHR supports both the Allscripts proprietary Unity API, as well as FHIR API, SMART on FHIR and CDS hooks. Leverage integrated financials for improved outcomes The Allscripts® Practice Financial Platform is a comprehensive platform integrated with TouchWorks EHR that includes practice management, claim processing and revenue cycle management solutions ideal for the needs of physician practices and billing services. Improve financial and operational efficiencies by streamlining appointment and patient flow, collections, claims, denial management, transaction management, real-time eligibility verification, integrated revenue collection and clear statements. Enable safer, more informed patient care

Figure 19 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the Practice Analytics solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.allscripts.com/solution/touchworks/.

xv. Practice Fusion: On information and belief, the Practice Fusion is an electronic health records solution and platform that allows an independent practice doctor to, among other things, "[s]ave time with templates and patient charts in the cloud-based EHR that adapt to your needs, [c]ustomize chart notes based on your workflows, [b]rowse from a library of medical charting templates built by practices like yours, [c]reate shortcuts unique to your practice and complete encounters faster, [and] [g]et the patient information you need at a glance on the patient summary" with its systems and software.



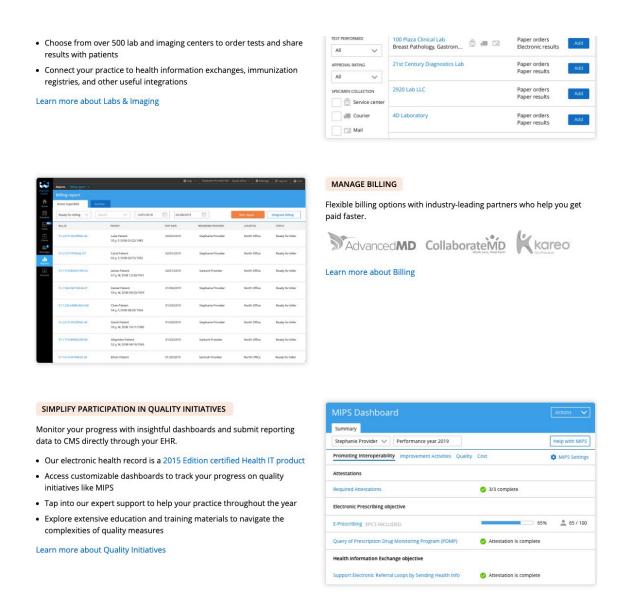


Figure 20 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the Practice Fusion solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.practicefusion.com/.

xvi. Professional EHR: On information and belief, the Professional EHR is an electronic health records solution and platform that allows a doctor to, among other things, msnage "clinical, operational, financial and wellness solutions for small to mid-size physician practices, ACOs, PCMHs and FQHCs, for safer patient care, streamlined operations and improved revenue" with its systems and software.

With Professional EHR, your organization can:



Figure 21 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the Professional EHR solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.allscripts.com/solution/professional/.

xvii. RCMS: On information and belief, the RCMS solution and platform is a revenue cycle management service that allows a doctor to, among other things, to communicate and "address[sic] challenges in billing and revenue cycle, including transitions to value-based care and complex billing regulations" required with its systems and software.

Allscripts RCMS can help your practice:

Keep pace with complex reimbursement requirements

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Allscripts RCMS addresses challenges in billing and revenue cycle, including transitions to value-based care and complex billing regulations.

Partner with the experts



Get visibility into the reimbursement cycle



With Allscripts RCMS, your organization gets real-time access to advanced analytics and expertise to maximize the technology, while retaining control of your monies.

Streamline billing workflows



Allscripts RCMS provides a comprehensive, rules-based engine that automates tasks, streamlines workflow and improves cash flow.

Services for physician practices

Professional billing experts

V

Our experts help ensure accurate billing and coding and partner with you in every step of the revenue cycle. Dedicated account managers deliver a comprehensive approach to improve

the financial health of your practice.

Effective collections processes and best practices



Our approach spans the entire revenue cycle continuum, from operational planning to scheduling to final collections and reporting.

Solid technology stack



Allscripts RCMS's comprehensive, rules-based engine automates tasks, streamlines workflow and improves cash flow. An exclusive analytic toolset identifies trends and deficiencies in the revenue cycle to create actionable events that improve financial results. The technology also monitors, tracks and responds to issues affecting financial and operational performance immediately.

Revenue Cycle Analytics & Performance Management



Allscripts provides an exclusive analytic toolset that identifies trends and provides transparency into the revenue cycle to support decision-making for improved financial results. The system monitors key items such as physician productivity, denial trending and industry benchmarking.

Figures 22 and 23 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the RCMS solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.allscripts.com/solution/rcms/.

xviii. Education Services: On information and belief, Allscripts Education Services solution and platform provides EHR "train[ing] for employees, improve[s] user adoption and satisfaction, improve[s] patient experience and loyalty, and achieve[s] better health outcomes" with its systems and software.

With Allscripts, we can help you:



Figure 24 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the Education Services solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.allscripts.com/service/education-and-training/.

xix. Cloud: On information and belief, the Allscripts Cloud services solution and platform provides remote hosting services for EHR.

Why Allscripts® Cloud?



Figure 25 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the Cloud services solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://www.allscripts.com/service/allscripts-cloud/.

xx. Veradigm: On information and belief, the Veradigm solution and platform provides electronic prescription technology with "data-driven actionable insights, derived from best-in-class analytics and integrated with point-of-care technology solutions that help improve the quality, efficiency and value of healthcare. Veradigm® solutions support biopharma, health plans, healthcare providers, health technology partners and, most important, the patients they serve" with its systems and software.

Transforming Health, Insightfully

Spanning integrated healthcare data, clinical research, analytics, and services, our specialized solutions are designed to empower patients, providers, payers, and life sciences companies, along with digital health companies. Veradigm is committed to improving the value, efficiency, and quality of healthcare delivery through actionable insights and innovative tools.



Figure 26 – Screenshot of Defendant's webpage for the Veradigm solution and platform as visited May 6, 2021 and located at https://veradigm.com/.

- xix. And all augmentations to these named Allscripts platforms or descriptions of platforms.
- 32. Collectively, all the foregoing is referred to herein as the "Accused instrumentalities."

COUNT I Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 7,490,048

- 33. Plaintiff incorporates the above paragraphs by reference.
- 34. Defendants have been on actual notice of the '048 Patent at least as early as the date it received service of the Original Complaint in this litigation.
- 35. The damages period begins at least as early as six years prior to the date of service of the Original Complaint in this litigation.
- 36. Upon information and belief, Defendants own, direct, and/or control the operation of the Accused Instrumentalities and generates substantial financial revenues and benefits therefrom.

- 37. Upon information and belief, Defendants have directly infringed and continue to directly infringe at least Claims 1, 2, 10, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40 of the '048 Patent. As exemplary, Claim 20 is by making, using, importing, selling, and/or offering for sale the Accused Instrumentalities. Defendants directly make the infringing Accused Instrumentalities at least because they are solely responsible for putting the infringing systems into service by directing or controlling the systems as a whole and by obtaining the benefits therefrom. More specifically, and on information and belief, with respect to the Accused Instrumentalities, Defendants: (i) executed contracts with third party servicers for the provision of archival services and databases for healthcare and related records and/or designed and assembled such archival services and databases using its own employees and/or contractors; (ii) developed, own, and maintain digital storage archives for healthcare and related records; (iii) provide access to such records via its own branded Internet domains and/or software applications using its own name and business trade dress; (iv) exercise authority over the provision of such record archival services and databases; (v) openly advertise and promote such record archival services and databases bearing its name and business trade dress to customers in the United States; (vi) authored or commissioned the preparation of computer code for accessing and retrieving stored and/or archived healthcare records via its Internet domain web pages and/or software applications; (vii) claim ownership and control over such stored and/or archived healthcare records by virtue of its corporate branding and the provision of direct access; and (viii) receive monetary benefits from the provision of such healthcare records storage, archival, and retrieval services to customers.
- 38. Further on information and belief, Defendants directly use the infringing Accused Instrumentalities at least because they assembled the combined infringing elements and makes

them collectively available in the United States, including via their Internet domain web pages and/or software applications, as well as via its internal systems and interfaces. Further, and on information and belief, Defendants have directly infringed by using the infringing Accused Instrumentalities as part of its ongoing and regular testing and/or internal legal compliance activities. Such testing and/or legal compliance necessarily requires Defendants to make and use the Accused Instrumentalities in an infringing manner. Still further, Defendants are direct infringers by virtue of their branding and marketing activities, which collectively comprise the sale and offering for sale of the infringing Accused Instrumentalities.

- 39. More specifically, and on information and belief, Defendants are making, using, and offering for sale a computer-implemented method, identified as the Accused Instrumentalities, comprising: receiving information regarding a restriction or limitation regarding an ability of a person or an entity to at least one of access, obtain, change, alter, and modify, information contained in an individuals or patients healthcare record or an individual's or patients healthcare file, wherein the individuals or patient's healthcare record or the individuals or patient's healthcare file contains healthcare information or healthcare-related information personal to the individual or patient.
- 40. As Figures 1 and 2 show above, Defendants are making, using, and offering for sale a computer-implemented method and apparatus, identified as the Accused Instrumentalities.
- 41. Additionally, the Accused Instrumentalities are specially configured such that they perform a method wherein the restriction or limitation contains information regarding at least one of a healthcare provider, a healthcare payer, a healthcare insurer, and an authorized entity, and information regarding a designated purpose for allowing each of the at least one of a healthcare provider, a healthcare payer, a healthcare insurer, and an authorized entity, to at least one of

access, obtain, change, alter, and modify, the information contained in an individuals or patients healthcare record or an individual's or patient's healthcare file, wherein the designated purpose is at least one of to perform a diagnosis, to perform a diagnosis for a certain ailment, illness, or symptom, to provide a second opinion, to verify or disprove a condition or a pre-existing condition, to submit an insurance claim, and to process an insurance claim.

- 42. Defendants' infringing methods each separately, are storing the information regarding a restriction or limitation regarding an ability of a person or an entity to at least one of access, obtain, change, alter, and modify, the information contained in an individuals or patient's healthcare record or an individual's or patient's healthcare file; processing, with a processor, a request by a person or an entity to at least one of access, obtain, change, alter, and modify, the information contained in an individuals or patient's healthcare record or an individual's or patient's healthcare file; determining, using the information regarding the restriction or limitation, whether the person or the entity is allowed or authorized to at least one of access, obtain, change, alter, and modify, the information contained in an individual's or patient's healthcare record or an individuals or patient's healthcare file; generating a message containing at least one of information regarding the person or the entity making the request, and identification information regarding the person or the entity making the request, and further wherein the message contains an actual change, alteration, or modification, made to the information contained in an individual's or patients healthcare record or an individuals or patient's healthcare file; and transmitting the message to a communication device of the individual or patient via, on, or over, a communication network.
- 43. Additionally, upon information and belief, Defendants own, direct, and/or control the infringing method operation of the Accused Instrumentalities that includes wherein the

message is transmitted to the communication device of the individual or patient at least one of during, concurrently with, at a same time as, and prior to a completion of an at least one of an accessing, an obtaining, a changing, an altering, and a modifying, of the information contained in an individuals or patient's healthcare record or an individual's or patients healthcare file by the person or the entity, or at least one of during, concurrently with, at a same time as, and prior to a completion of a processing of the request to at least one of access, obtain, change, alter, and modify, the information contained in an individuals or patient's healthcare record or an individual's or patient's health care file.

- 44. On information and belief, the infringement of the Decapolis Patents by Defendants will now be willful through the filing and service of this Complaint.
- 45. In addition or in the alternative, Defendants now have knowledge and continue these actions and indirectly infringe by way of inducing direct infringement by others and/or contributing to the infringement by others of the '048 Patent in the State of Virginia, in this judicial district, and elsewhere in the United States, by, among other things, making, using, importing, offering for sale, and/or selling, without license or authority, infringing services for use in systems that fall within the scope of at least Claims 1, 2, 10, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40 of the '048 Patent. This includes without limitation, one or more of the Accused Instrumentalities by making, using, importing offering for sale, and/or selling such services, Defendants injured Decapolis and is thus liable to Decapolis for infringement of the '048 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 46. Now with knowledge of the Decapolis Patents, Defendants induce infringement under Title 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Defendants will have performed actions that induced infringing acts that Defendants knew or should have known would induce actual infringements. *See Manville Sales*

Corp. v. Paramount Sys., Inc., 917 F.2d 544, 553 (Fed.Cir.1990), quoted in DSU Med. Corp. v. JMS Co., 471 F.3d 1293, 1306 (Fed.Cir.2006) (en banc in relevant part). "[A] finding of inducement requires a threshold finding of direct infringement—either a finding of specific instances of direct infringement or a finding that the accused products necessarily infringe." Ricoh, 550 F.3d at 1341 (citing ACCO Brands, Inc. v. ABA Locks Manufacturer Co., 501 F.3d 1307, 1313, (Fed. Cir. 2007). Figures 1 and 2 above show EHR systems being offered for sale where a patient and/or provider may access patient health information. The figures also show a cloud-based system and framework for patients and/or providers to receive and send data and messages, fill orders, manage patient care, referrals, admissions, scheduling, check-in, e-prescriptions, discharge, billing, accounting, collections, security, payroll, materials management, practice analytics, revenue management, and reporting.

- 47. Plaintiff will rely on direct and/or circumstantial evidence to prove the intent element. *See Fuji Photo Film Co. v. Jazz Photo Corp.*, 394 F.3d 1368, 1377 (Fed. Cir. 2005) ("A patentee may prove intent through circumstantial evidence."); *Water Techs. Corp. v. Calco, Ltd.*, 850 F.2d 660, 668 (Fed. Cir. 1988) ("While proof of intent is necessary, direct evidence is not required; rather, circumstantial evidence may suffice.").
- 48. Defendants have taken active steps to induce infringement, such as advertising an infringing use, which supports a finding of an intention for the accused product to be used in an infringing manner. *See Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Studios Inc. v. Grokster, Ltd.*, 545 U.S. 913, 932, 125 S. Ct. 2764, 162 L. Ed. 2d 781 (2005) (explaining that the contributory infringement doctrine "was devised to identify instances in which it may be presumed from distribution of an article in commerce that the distributor intended the article to be used to infringe another's patent, and so may justly be held liable for that infringement").

- 49. In addition, on information and belief, and based in part upon the clear infringement by the Accused Instrumentalities, Defendants have a practice of not performing a review of the patent rights of others first for clearance or to assess infringement thereof prior to launching products and services. As such, Defendants have been willfully blind to the patent rights of Plaintiff.
- 50. The foregoing infringement on the part of Defendants have caused past and ongoing injury to Plaintiff. The specific dollar amount of damages adequate to compensate for the infringement shall be determined at trial but is in no event less than a reasonable royalty from the date of first infringement to the expiration of the Decapolis Patents.
- 51. Each of Defendants' aforesaid activities have been without authority and/or license from Plaintiff.

COUNT II Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 7,464,040

- 52. Plaintiff incorporates the above paragraphs by reference.
- 53. Defendants have been on actual notice of the '040 Patent at least as early as the date it received service of the Original Complaint in this litigation.
- 54. The infringement damages period begins at least as early as six years prior to the date of service of the Original Complaint in this litigation.
- 55. The '040 patent application claims the benefit of priority of U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 60/286,422, filed April 25, 2001, titled "APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR PROCESSING AND/OR FOR PROVIDING HEALTH CARE INFORMATION AND/OR HEALTHCARE-RELATED INFORMATION," the subject matter and teachings of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein.
- 56. Upon information and belief, Defendants own, direct, and/or control the operation of the Accused Instrumentalities and generates substantial financial revenues and benefits therefrom.

- 57. Upon information and belief, Defendants have directly infringed and continue to directly infringe at least Claims 1 and 46 of the '040 Patent by making, using, importing, selling, and/or offering for sale the Accused Instrumentalities. Defendants directly make the infringing Accused Instrumentalities at least because it is solely responsible for putting the infringing systems into service by directing or controlling the systems as a whole and by obtaining the benefits therefrom. More specifically, and on information and belief, with respect to the Accused Instrumentalities, Defendants: (i) executed contracts with third party servicers for the provision of archival services and databases for healthcare and related records and/or designed and assembled such archival services and databases using its own employees and/or contractors; (ii) developed, own, and maintain digital storage archives for healthcare and related records; (iii) provide access to such records via its own branded Internet domains and/or software applications using its own name and business trade dress; (iv) exercise authority over the provision of such record archival services and databases; (v) openly advertise and promote such record archival services and databases bearing its name and business trade dress to customers in the United States; (vi) authored or commissioned the preparation of computer code for accessing and retrieving stored and/or archived healthcare records via its Internet domain web pages and/or software applications; (vii) claim ownership and control over such stored and/or archived healthcare records by virtue of its corporate branding and the provision of direct access; and (viii) receive monetary benefits from the provision of such healthcare records storage, archival, and retrieval services to customers.
- 58. Further on information and belief, Defendants directly uses the infringing Accused Instrumentalities at least because they assembled the combined infringing elements and makes them collectively available in the United States, including via their Internet domain web pages

and/or software applications, as well as via its internal systems and interfaces. Further, and on information and belief, Defendants have directly infringed by using the infringing Accused Instrumentalities as part of its ongoing and regular testing and/or internal legal compliance activities. Such testing and/or legal compliance necessarily requires Defendants to make and use the Accused Instrumentalities in an infringing manner. Still further, Defendants are a direct infringer by virtue of their branding and marketing activities which collectively comprise the sale and offering for sale of the infringing Accused Instrumentalities.

- 59. More specifically, and on information and belief, the Accused Instrumentalities, each separately, receives information regarding an individual, wherein the information regarding an individual is transmitted from a first computer or from a first communication device, wherein the first computer or the first communication device is associated with a healthcare provider, wherein the information regarding an individual is transmitted via, on, or over, at least one of the Internet and the World Wide Web, wherein the information regarding an individual contains information regarding at least one of a symptom, an examination finding, a diagnosis, a treatment, an administration of a treatment, and a procedure; a database or a memory device, wherein the database or the memory device is associated with the receiver and is located at a location remote from the first computer or remote from the first communication device, wherein the database or the memory device stores information regarding a plurality of individuals, a plurality of healthcare providers, and a plurality of healthcare insurers or healthcare payers.
- 60. The Accused Instrumentalities each separately, use the information regarding a plurality of individuals, a plurality of healthcare providers, and/or a plurality of healthcare insurers or healthcare payers, which includes a healthcare record or a healthcare history of, for, or

associated with, each individual of a plurality of individuals, along with a healthcare record or a healthcare history of, for, or associated with, the individual, information regarding a healthcare practice of, and an insurance accepted by, each of the plurality of healthcare providers, including information regarding a healthcare practice of, and an insurance accepted by, the healthcare provider, information for processing or for storing information regarding a healthcare diagnosis or a healthcare treatment, and information for submitting an insurance claim to a healthcare insurer or a healthcare payer associated with the individual.

61. Upon information and belief, Defendants own, direct, and/or control the operation of the Accused Instrumentalities that includes a processing device, wherein the processing device processes the information regarding an individual, and further wherein the processing device processes information for at least one of storing the information regarding an individual in the database or the memory device and updating the healthcare record or the healthcare history of, for, or associated with, the individual, and further wherein the processing device automatically generates an insurance claim in response to the storing of the information regarding an individual in the database or the memory device or the updating of the healthcare record or the healthcare history of, for, or associated with, the individual, wherein the insurance claim is suitable for being automatically submitted to the healthcare insurer or the healthcare payer associated with the individual or is suitable for being automatically transmitted to a second computer or to a second communication device, wherein the second computer or the second communication device is associated with the healthcare insurer or the healthcare payer associated with the individual, and further wherein the processing device transmits the insurance claim to the second computer or to the second communication device.

- 62. As Figures 1 and 2 show above, Defendants are making, using, and offering for sale a computer-implemented method and apparatus, identified as the Accused Instrumentalities.
- 63. On information and belief, the infringement of the Decapolis Patents by Defendants is now willful and continues to be willful through the filing and service of this Complaint.
- In addition or in the alternative, now with knowledge of the Decapolis Patents, Defendants induce direct infringement by others and/or contributing to the infringement by others of the '040 Patent in the State of Virginia, in this judicial district, and elsewhere in the United States, by, among other things, making, using, importing, offering for sale, and/or selling, without license or authority, infringing services for use in systems that fall within the scope of at least Claims 1 and 46 of the '040 Patent. This includes without limitation, one or more of the Accused Instrumentalities by making, using, importing offering for sale, and/or selling such services, Defendant injured Decapolis and is thus liable to Decapolis for infringement of the '040 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- Defendants now actively induce infringement under Title 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Defendants' actions induce infringing acts that Defendants knew or should have known would induce actual infringements. See Manville Sales Corp. v. Paramount Sys., Inc., 917 F.2d 544, 553 (Fed.Cir.1990), quoted in DSU Med. Corp. v. JMS Co., 471 F.3d 1293, 1306 (Fed.Cir.2006) (en banc in relevant part). "[A] finding of inducement requires a threshold finding of direct infringement—either a finding of specific instances of direct infringement or a finding that the accused products necessarily infringe." Ricoh, 550 F.3d at 1341 (citing ACCO Brands, Inc. v. ABA Locks Manufacturer Co., 501 F.3d 1307, 1313, (Fed. Cir. 2007). Figures 1 and 2 above show EHR systems being offered for sale where a patient and/or provider may access patient health information. The figures also show a cloud-based system and framework for patients

- and/or providers to receive and send data and messages, fill orders, manage patient care, referrals, admissions, scheduling, check-in, e-prescriptions, discharge, billing, accounting, collections, security, payroll, materials management, practice analytics, revenue management, and reporting.
- 66. Plaintiff will rely on direct and/or circumstantial evidence to prove the intent element. *See Fuji Photo Film Co. v. Jazz Photo Corp.*, 394 F.3d 1368, 1377 (Fed. Cir. 2005) ("A patentee may prove intent through circumstantial evidence."); *Water Techs. Corp. v. Calco, Ltd.*, 850 F.2d 660, 668 (Fed. Cir. 1988) ("While proof of intent is necessary, direct evidence is not required; rather, circumstantial evidence may suffice.").
- 67. If Defendants continue these actions as of this Complaint, Defendants will have taken active steps to induce infringement, such as advertising an infringing use, which supports a finding of an intention for the accused product to be used in an infringing manner. *See Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Studios Inc. v. Grokster, Ltd.*, 545 U.S. 913, 932, 125 S. Ct. 2764, 162 L. Ed. 2d 781 (2005) (explaining that the contributory infringement doctrine "was devised to identify instances in which it may be presumed from distribution of an article in commerce that the distributor intended the article to be used to infringe another's patent, and so may justly be held liable for that infringement").
- 68. In addition, on information and belief, and based in part upon the clear infringement by the Accused Instrumentalities, Defendants have a practice of not performing a review of the patent rights of others first for clearance or to assess infringement thereof prior to launching products and services. As such, Defendants have been willfully blind to the patent rights of Plaintiff.
- 69. The foregoing infringement on the part of Defendants have caused past and ongoing injury to Plaintiff. The specific dollar amount of damages adequate to compensate for the infringement

- shall be determined at trial but is in no event less than a reasonable royalty from the date of first infringement to the expiration of the Decapolis Patents.
- 70. Each of Defendants' aforesaid activities have been without authority and/or license from Plaintiff.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Decapolis Systems, LLC respectfully requests the Court enter judgment against Defendants as follows:

- 1. Declaring that Defendants have infringed each of the Decapolis Patents;
- 2. Awarding Decapolis Systems, LLC its damages suffered because of Defendants' infringement of the Decapolis Patents;
- 3. Enter a judgment awarding treble damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §284 for Defendants' willful infringement of one or more of the Decapolis Patents;
- 4. Awarding Decapolis Systems, LLC its costs, reasonable attorneys' fees, expenses, and interest; and
- 5. Granting Decapolis Systems, LLC such further relief as the Court finds appropriate.

JURY DEMAND

Decapolis Systems, LLC demands trial by jury, under Fed. R. Civ. P. 38.

Respectfully Submitted,

/s/ René A. Vazquez

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